

Lesson 4: Scientific Method

Chemistry with Lab

A _____ of _____
_____.

Steps of the Scientific Method:

1. Making _____ that lead to a _____.
2. Forming a _____ to answer the _____.
3. Testing the _____ by _____.
4. Making a _____ based on the results of the _____.

Definitions:

Observing: use of the _____ and _____ in the lab to
_____.

Conclusion: a statement based on _____ and prior _____.

Observations vs. Conclusions:

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____

Observations:

Quantitative

Includes _____
and _____.

Qualitative

Does _____ include
_____ and units.

Lesson 4: Scientific Method (cont.)

Chemistry with Lab

Qualitative vs. Quantitative:

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____

Hypothesis: an _____.

A good hypothesis:

1. _____ an _____
2. can be _____
3. will _____ an _____

Practice forming a hypothesis:

1. What is the _____ of the _____?
2. As the candle _____, it gets _____. Where does the _____ go?

Experiment:

1. is _____ to _____ a _____
2. involves _____
3. is performed under _____

Variables: factors that can be _____.

Control: a _____ that is held _____.

Lesson 4: Scientific Method (cont.)

Chemistry with Lab

In a good experiment:

1. only _____ are allowed to _____.
2. the _____ (or _____) _____ is changed by the _____.
3. the _____ (or _____) _____ changes as a result of the _____.
4. all other _____ are _____ because they are held _____.

The Chemistry Quiz:

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____