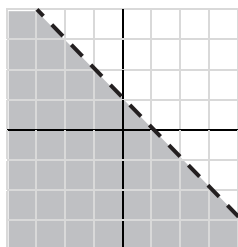


## LESSON 82 .....

1.  $3 \times 4 - (6 - 2)^2 \div 8$   
 $= 3 \times 4 - 4^2 \div 8$       Parentheses  
 $= 3 \times 4 - 16 \div 8$       Exponents  
 $= 12 - 16 \div 8$       Multiplication  
 $= 12 - 2$       Division  
 $= 10$       Subtraction
2.  $3(x - 2) + 2a = a - x$   
 $3(x - 2) + 2(2) = 2 - x$       Plug in  $a = 2$ .  
 $3x - 2 = 2 - x$       Simplify each side.  
 $4x - 2 = 2$       Add  $x$  to both sides.  
 $4x = 4$       Add 2 to both sides.  
 $x = 1$       Divide both sides by 4.
3.  $\frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{4}x = \frac{1}{3}x$   
 $2 + 3x = 4x$       Multiply both sides by 12.  
 $2 - x = 0$       Subtract  $4x$  from both sides.  
 $-x = -2$       Subtract 2 from both sides.  
 $x = 2$       Divide both sides by  $-1$ .
4. The answer is B.  
 A)  $2x = 4$       B)  $0 = 7$   
 $x = 2$       No solution  
 C)  $-1 = -1$       D)  $2x = 0$   
 True for all  $x$        $x = 0$
5. The answers are A and B.  
 A)  $9 - 2(0) > (0) + 3$       B)  $9 - 2(1) > (1) + 3$   
 $9 > 3$        $7 > 4$   
 Solution      Solution  
 C)  $9 - 2(2) > (2) + 3$       D)  $9 - 2(3) > (3) + 3$   
 $5 > 5$        $3 > 6$   
 Not a solution      Not a solution
6.  $3 \leq 3 - 4x < 5$   
 $0 \leq -4x < 2$       Subtract 3 from all sides.  
 $0 \geq x > -\frac{1}{2}$       Divide all sides by  $-4$  and flip the inequality sign.  
 $-\frac{1}{2} < x \leq 0$       Write in ascending order.
7.  $2|x + 1| - 5 = 3$   
 $2|x + 1| = 8$   
 $|x + 1| = 4$       Isolate the absolute value.  
 $x + 1 = 4$  or  $x + 1 = -4$       Rewrite as two equations.  
 $x = 3, x = -5$       Solve each equation.  
 The positive solution is 3.

8. The answer is A.  
 Isolate the absolute value and you get  $|x| \leq -1$ .  
 This inequality has no solutions because an absolute value can never be negative.
9. Let  $x$  = regular price  
 $0.2x$  = amount of discount  
 Sale price = regular price  $-$  amount of discount,  
 so  $x - 0.2x = 24$ .  
 Solve for  $x$ , and you get  $x = 30$ .  
 The regular price was \$30.
10. Let  $x$  = Carol's age now  
 $x + 7$  = Victor's age now  
 $x - 3$  = Carol's age 3 years ago  
 $(x + 7) - 3$  = Victor's age 3 years ago  
 Victor's age 3 years ago = twice Carol's age 3 years ago,  
 so  $(x + 7) - 3 = 2(x - 3)$ .  
 Solve for  $x$ , and you get  $x = 10$ .  
 Carol is 10 years old. Victor is 17 years old.
11. Let  $x$  = score of the fourth quiz  
 Average = (sum of four scores)/4  $\geq 90$ ,  
 so  $(90 + 84 + 92 + x)/4 \geq 90$ .  
 Solve for  $x$ , and you get  $x \geq 94$ .  
 Scott must score at least 94 points.
12.  $m = \frac{4 - (-2)}{2 - 0} = 3$       Find the slope using the slope formula.  
 $b = -2$        $(0, -2)$  is the  $y$ -intercept.  
 $y = mx + b$       Slope-intercept form  
 $y = 3x - 2$       Plug in  $m$  and  $b$ .
13. The answer is D.  
 Lines parallel to the  $x$ -axis are horizontal lines.  
 Horizontal lines have an equation of the form  $y = k$  where  $k$  is a constant.
14. The slope of the given line is  $-2$ . The slope of the parallel line is also  $-2$  because parallel lines have the same slope. The  $y$ -intercept is 3.  
 $y = mx + b$       Slope-intercept form  
 $y = -2x + 3$       Plug in  $m$  and  $b$ .  
 $-1 = -2k + 3$       Plug in  $(k, -1)$ .  
 $k = 2$       Solve for  $k$ .
15. Convert  $x - 3y = 6$  to slope-intercept form and you get  $y = (1/3)x - 2$ . The slope of the given line is  $1/3$ .  
 The slope of the perpendicular line is  $-3$  because perpendicular lines have the slopes that are opposite (negative) reciprocals of each other.  
 $y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$       Point-slope form  
 $y + 2 = -3(x - 1)$       Plug in  $m$  and  $(1, -2)$ .  
 $y = -3x + 1$       Slope-intercept form

16.

 $x$ -intercept:  $(1, 0)$  $y$ -intercept:  $(0, 1)$ 

17. The answer is B.

- A) Has vertex  $(0, -2)$ .      B) Has vertex  $(2, 0)$ .  
 C) Has vertex  $(0, 2)$ .      D) Has vertex  $(-2, 0)$ .

18. The answer is C.

The initial value is 30,000 and the rate of change is  $-1,200$ , so the equation is  $y = 30000 - 12000x$

19.  $4x$  = number of seats from 4-seat tables $6x$  = number of seats from 6-seat tablesTotal number of seats = 88, so  $4x + 6y = 88$ .Given  $y = 8$ ,  $4x + 6(8) = 88$ .Solve for  $x$ , and you get  $x = 10$ .

There are 10 4-seat tables.

20. Let  $x$  = width of the penPerimeter =  $2(\text{width} + \text{length}) \leq 200$ ,so  $2(x + 60) \leq 200$ .Solve for  $x$ , and you get  $x \leq 40$ .

The maximum possible width is 40 feet.

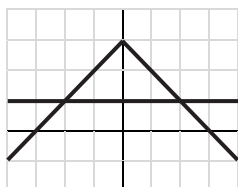
21.  $1 < x < 3$  $-6 < y < -1$  $-5 < x + y < 2$ 

Solve the first inequality.

Solve the second inequality.

Add the inequalities.

22.

Area =  $\frac{1}{2}(\text{base})(\text{height})$ 

$$= \frac{1}{2}(4)(2) = 4$$

The area is 4 square units.